

Fastin 骨锚治疗尺骨茎突骨折的临床分析

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摘要 目的:探讨尺骨茎突骨折的手术方法及疗效。方法:2007年1月-2010年12月,对36例尺骨茎突骨折的患者,采用Fastin骨锚治疗。术后随访2~19个月,平均8个月。采用AO组织Gartland-Werley评分进行疗效评价。结果:X线片显示术后3个月骨折均达到骨性愈合,36例患者均无腕部慢性疼痛和活动受限,Gartland-Werley评分均为优。结论:应用Fastin骨锚治疗尺骨茎突骨折是理想的治疗方法,尤其对预防尺骨远端疼痛,疗效满意。

关键词 骨锚;尺骨茎突;骨折

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The Effects of FASTIN Bone Anchors in Treatment of Ulnar Styloid Process Fractures

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ABSTRACT Objective: To discuss the techniques and clinical results of treatment of ulnar styloid fractures. **Methods:** From January 2007 to December 2010, 36 fractures of ulnar styloid fractures were treated with fixation combined with tension band. **Results:** Postoperatively patients were followed for 2 to 19 months. With an average of 8 months. X-ray showed bone union in all cases. There was no chronic pain and impairment of wrist motion in 36 cases. According to the criteria of Gartland and Werley, the results were excellent in all. **Conclusion:** Fixation of ulnar styloid fractures using FASTIN bone anchors and tension band is an ideal treatment option. It is especially effective in preventing distal ulnar pain.

Key words: Fractures Bone; Treatment outcome; Styloid process of ulna

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尺骨茎突骨折在临床非常常见,常为腕部骨折、脱位的合并损伤。临床上往往比较重视腕部骨折及脱位的处理,而对于尺骨茎突骨折却不十分重视。2007年1月~2010年12月,我院对尺骨茎突骨折采用Fastin骨锚治疗,取得满意效果,特对这一治疗方法进行分析总结。

1 资料与方法

1.1 病例资料

本组病例共36例,男26例,女性10例,年龄20~40岁,平均32岁。尺骨茎突骨折分型^[1] I型16例,II型20例,合并损伤部位:桡骨远端骨折25处,桡骨中段骨折5处,月骨周围脱位6处。伤因:摔伤30例,机器绞伤6例。

1.2 术前准备

手术前均拍摄腕关节正侧位片,18例患者进行了CT扫描和三维图像重建。

1.3 手术治疗

全身麻醉下,腕尺背侧纵行切口,以尺骨茎突为中心约3~4cm,切开皮肤、皮下及筋膜,在尺侧腕伸肌腱及尺侧腕屈肌腱间隙进入,暴露骨折断端,清洗断端瘀血,骨折复位,先用一枚0.8mm克氏针临时固定,在尺骨茎突骨折线尺骨侧上方靠

近骨折线处2.0mm克氏针与尺骨干呈45°打穿骨皮质,用Fastin骨锚顺着克氏针开出骨洞,斜行拧入至骨锚金属尾端没入骨质中,骨锚尾端相连的二道不吸收线分别紧贴骨质穿过附着在尺骨茎突处的腕关节尺侧副韧带,荷包缝合,收紧打结于尺骨茎突骨折断端的背尺侧及背桡侧,二道打结线头埋于骨锚钻出骨洞内,拔出克氏针,止血冲洗切口,缝合各层。

1.4 术后处理

术后静脉滴注抗生素3~5天,抬高患肢,石膏固定腕关节于功能位3~4周。疼痛缓解后进行手指屈伸功能锻炼。拆除石膏后进行腕关节屈伸及桡尺偏功能锻炼。

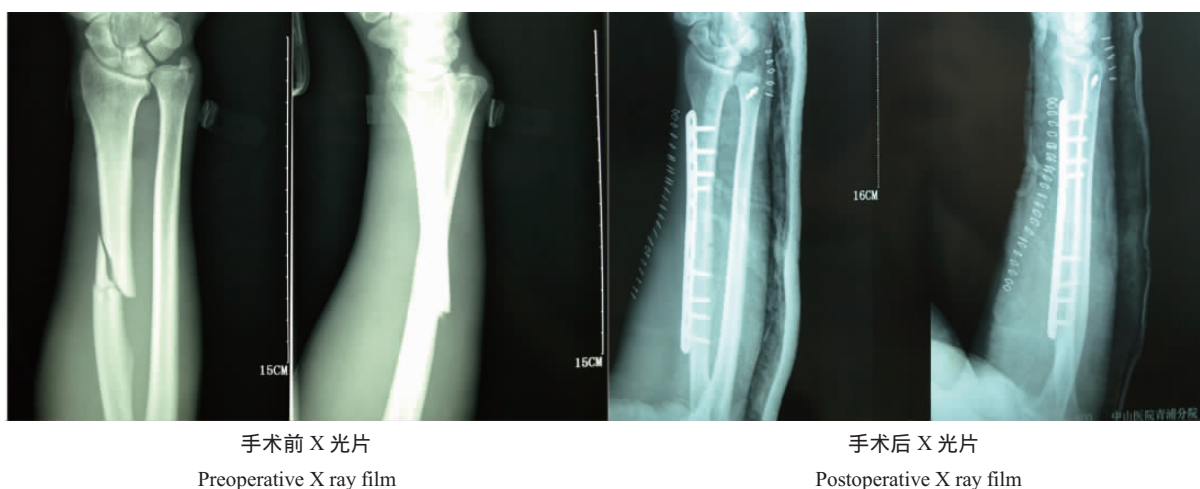
2 结果

术后切口均一期愈合,未见关节感染、神经血管等并发症。36例患者均得到随访,随访时间为2~19个月,平均8个月。X线片检查显示尺骨茎突骨折愈合良好,无延迟愈合和不愈合。骨性愈合时间为2.5~3.6个月,平均3个月。采用Gartland-Werley评定方法进行评分,该评分系统由4个项目组成,包括客观检查(活动范围和疼痛)、主观评价、影像学评价、并发症和残留畸形情况。客观评价是以正常侧最小活动范围为对照,分数越高说明功能越差^[1,2]。36例患者均为优,所有患者均恢复正常生活和工作,无腕部尺侧疼痛和腕关节活动受限等并发症。

3 讨论

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手术前 X 光片
Preoperative X ray film

手术后 X 光片
Postoperative X ray film

图 1 Fastin 骨锚用于尺骨茎突骨折治疗的效果

Fig. 1 Result of Fastin bone anchor used for fracture of processus styloideus ulnae

尺骨茎突骨折有一定的特点,这是因为腕部结构复杂,功能重要,治疗要求较高,若处理不当腕关节功能将受影响。尺骨茎突是尺骨远端的小锥状突起,自尺骨远端的后内侧突向下方,尺骨茎突尖端有腕关节尺侧副韧带附着,三角纤维软骨盘以手掌侧和背侧的桡尺韧带,关节盘同系物,尺侧腕伸肌腱鞘共同组成 TFCC^[2],由于 TFCC 为桡尺远端关节稳定结构的重要组成部分,具有稳定腕关节,预防腕疼痛无力的重要作用。所以应高度重视尺骨茎突骨折的治疗,治疗不当将严重影响手腕功能。在腕部骨折或脱位时,受三角纤维软骨盘及腕尺侧韧带的牵拉,尺骨茎突往往发生撕脱性骨折,大部分发生在基底部,尖部也可发生骨折。王亦聰^[3]提出当尺骨小头脱位而无尺骨茎突骨折时,则必有三角纤维软骨撕裂,反之当三角纤维软骨完好是,必定尺骨茎突骨折。故尺骨茎突骨折不单纯为一简单骨折,良好固定对于稳定和保护 TFCC,预防腕部慢性疼痛非常有意义。

临床医疗工作中,常常仅解决引起尺骨茎突骨折的原发损伤而对尺骨茎突骨折缺乏重视,缺乏合理治疗。从而引起骨折不愈合,骨块明显分离,影响关节活动等并发症^[4],由于茎突骨折块较小,处理此类骨折常常使用克氏针或微型螺钉。克氏针固定,单根克氏针固定此类骨折,手术简单,局部对位良好,但不抗旋转,稳定性差,交叉克氏针固定,稳定性好,能防旋转,但操作困难,有骨折块碎裂的危险。而且由于尺骨茎突与体表接近,克氏针把持力差,往往容易脱出,顶出皮肤,影响关节活动。采用微型螺钉固定较为牢固,相对可靠,但尺骨茎突骨折块通常较小,螺钉置入时骨折块容易碎裂,起不到固定效果。而在本组病例治疗中所用 Fastin 骨锚是美国强生公司生产的专门用于治疗肌腱韧带组织损伤,骨附着处双孔双纹螺纹锚钉^[5-10]。其特点是尖端锋利,此锥形设计更易植入,便于操作,锚钉高齿距设计使锚钉选入更轻松,同时能提供更高的把持力,锚钉根部独特的 T 型内六角设计独立的双缝线通道有效防止术中缝线的缠绕。缝线为双股高强度 QRTHOCORD 缝线,我们在操作时,先予克氏针临时固定,准确复位,使紧贴尺骨茎突骨折远端骨质的缝线,收紧打结后保持精确对位,打结缝线位于尺骨茎突的背尺侧及背桡侧,类似于张力带固定,能达到强有力的固

定。姜保国等^[11-15]认为桡骨远端骨折的治疗应建立在对骨折进行精确复位、牢靠固定、早期功能锻炼的基础上, Fastin 骨锚固定同样符合这一原则。用 Fastin 骨锚固定尺骨茎突骨折,适用于任何类型的尺骨茎突骨折,它克服尺骨茎突骨折骨块大小对于手术操作的限制,同时由于骨锚完全埋在骨质中同时又克服了内固定刺激皮肤产生疼痛或坏死的不良反应。

总之,尺骨茎突骨折临床常见,但科学有效的治疗不多,但由于尺骨茎突解剖结构非常重要,进行手术内固定治疗日显突出,我们这用 Fastin 骨锚治疗尺骨茎突骨折在临床中取得满意效果,对预防腕关节尺侧疼痛疗效明显。

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